



Pentaquark Θ^+ search experiment at J-PARC

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(Kyoto University \rightarrow RCNP, Osaka University)
for the J-PARC E19 collaboration

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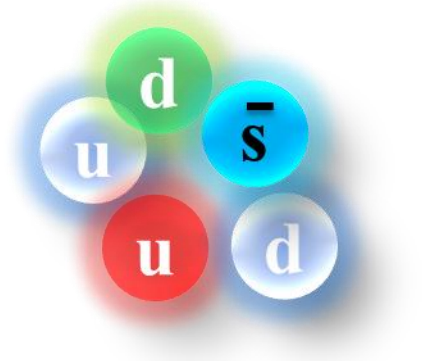
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Pentaquark search

Pentaquark Θ^+

- Genuine exotic hadron ($uudd\bar{s}$)
- $M = \sim 1540 \text{ MeV}/c^2$ (decay $\Theta^+ \rightarrow KN$)



Historical background

- Θ^+ pentaquark was first predicted by Diakonov et al. in 1997.
- SPring8/LEPS group reported the evidence for Θ^+ in 2003.
- Dozen experimental groups published supporting evidence for the Θ^+ ,
- followed by a number of experiments with no evidence.

Situation is still controversial ...

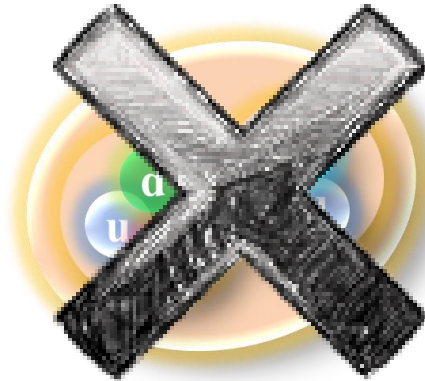
Physics Motivation

- Distinctive feature of Θ^+ pentaquark

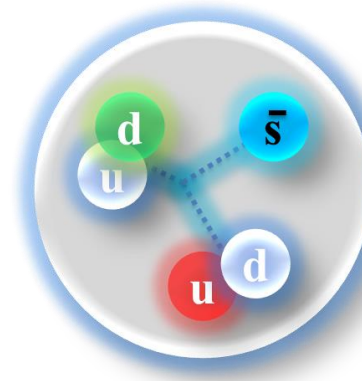
Narrow Width

(< a few MeV)

- Need some mechanism to suppress decay.



Meson-Baryon molecule



Diquark structure

(Need quark rearrangement for KN decay)

R.Jaffe, F.Wilczek (2003)

Useful tool to understand low energy QCD dynamics !!

Our Approach (J-PARC E19)

1. Pion induced reaction



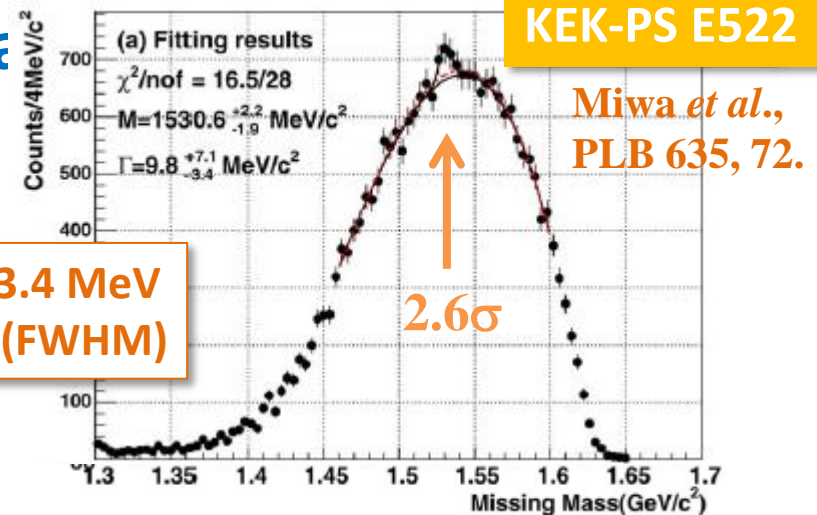
- Complementary to photo-production (LEPS/CLAS).
- Expect sizable production cross section. => **High statistics**

Previous experiment

2. High resolution missing mass

- K1.8 beam line & SKS = $\Delta M <$

$\Delta M \sim 13.4 \text{ MeV}$
(FWHM)



Our Approach (J-PARC E19)

1. Pion induced reaction



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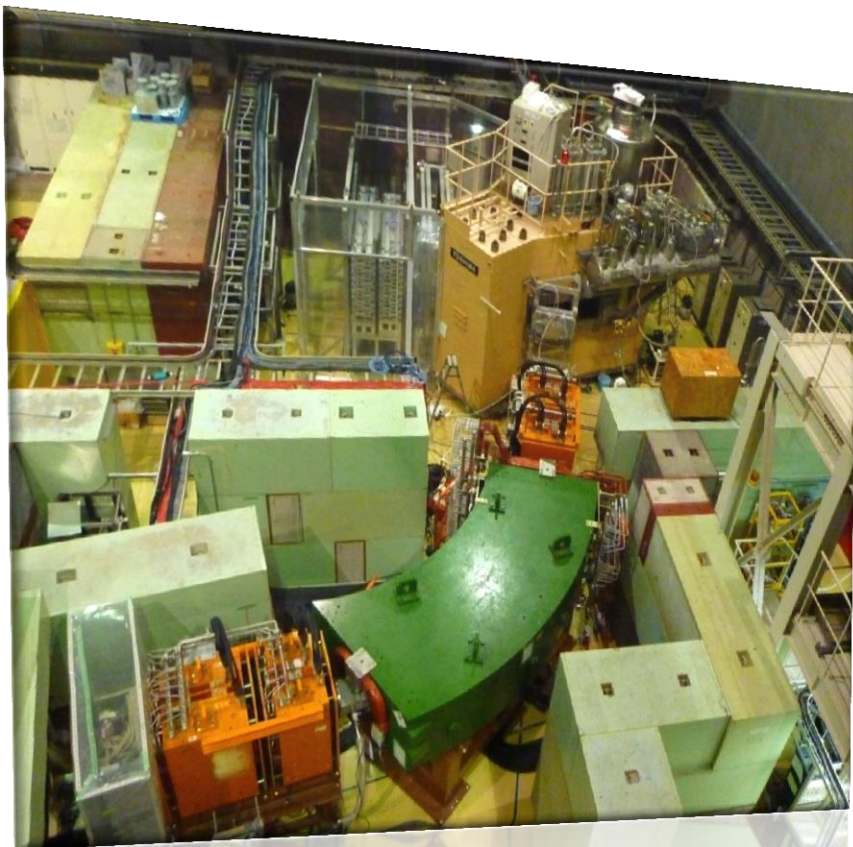
2. High resolution missing mass spectroscopy

- K1.8 beam line & SKS = $\Delta M < 2$ MeV (FWHM)



Conclusive result by higher sensitivity !!

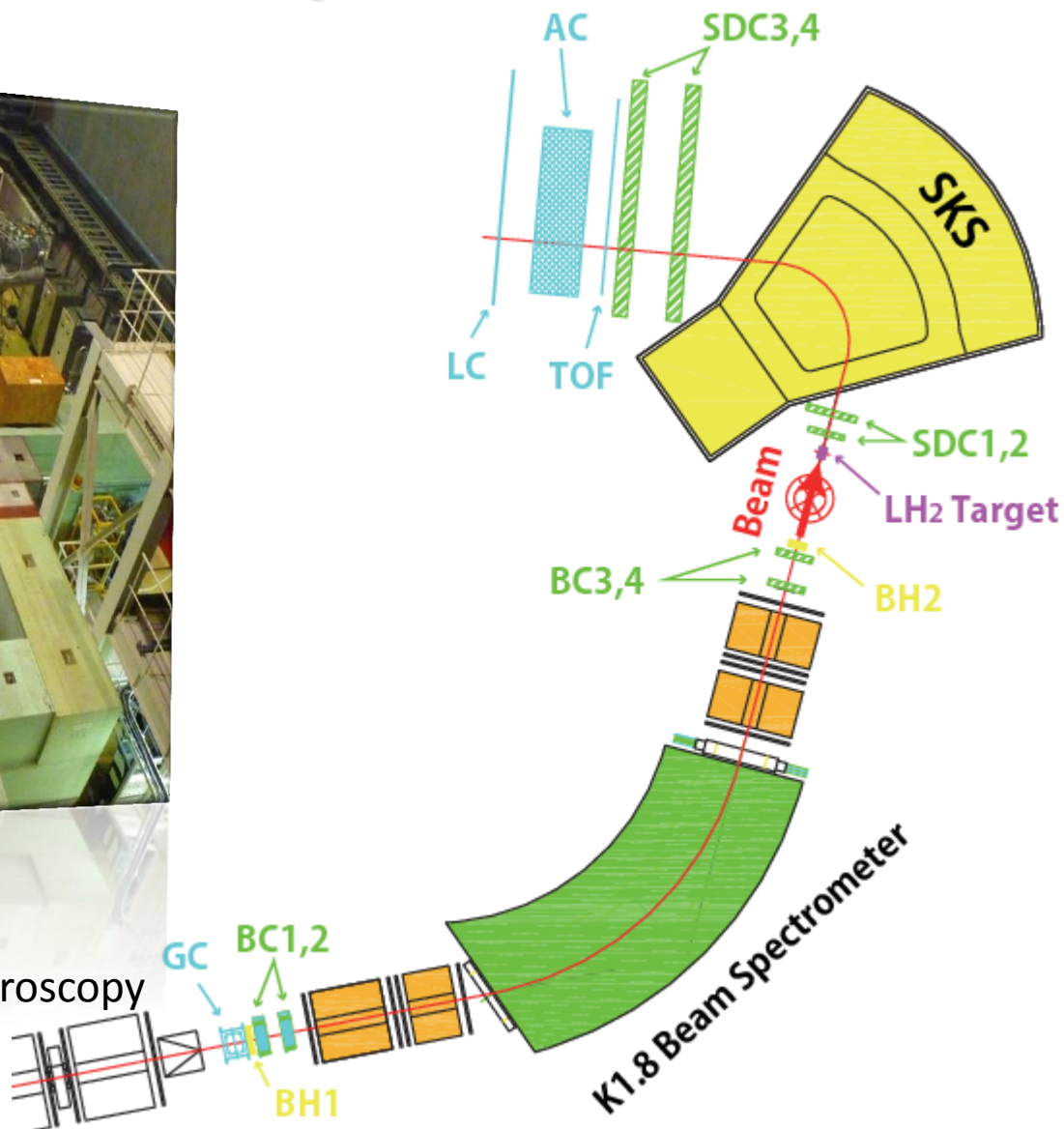
Experimental setup



J-PARC K1.8

Dedicated to the (π, K) reaction spectroscopy

π^- beam
1.92/2.00 GeV/c



History of E19

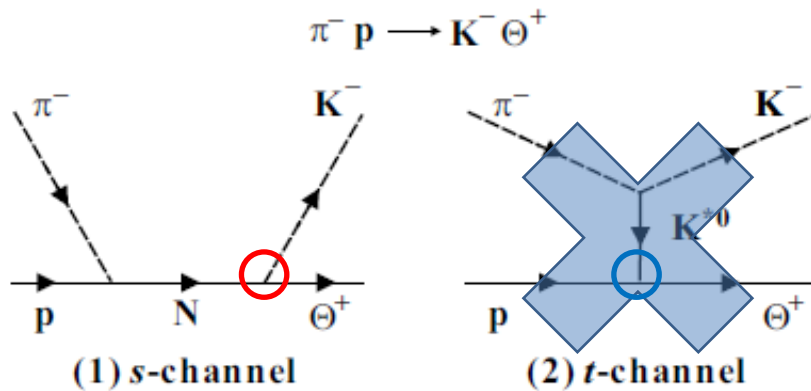
	Comment	Beam Momentum	Beam intensity	π 's on Target
2009/10 ~	K1.8 beam line & detector commissioning start			
2010/10-11 1st RUN	examine the 2.6σ bump structure observed in E522	1.92 GeV/c	1.0 M /spill	7.8×10^{10}
2012/02 2nd RUN	new data at the highest beam momentum at K1.8	2.00 GeV/c	1.7 M /spill	8.7×10^{10}

Shirotori et al., PRL 109, 132002 (2012).

- Θ^+ Peak was not observed.
- We concluded that E522 bump was not the signal by 10 times higher sensitivity.

This presentation

Note on Θ^+ decay width



✓ *s*-channel dominance

➤ $\Gamma_{\Theta} \propto g_{KN\Theta}^2 \propto \sigma$

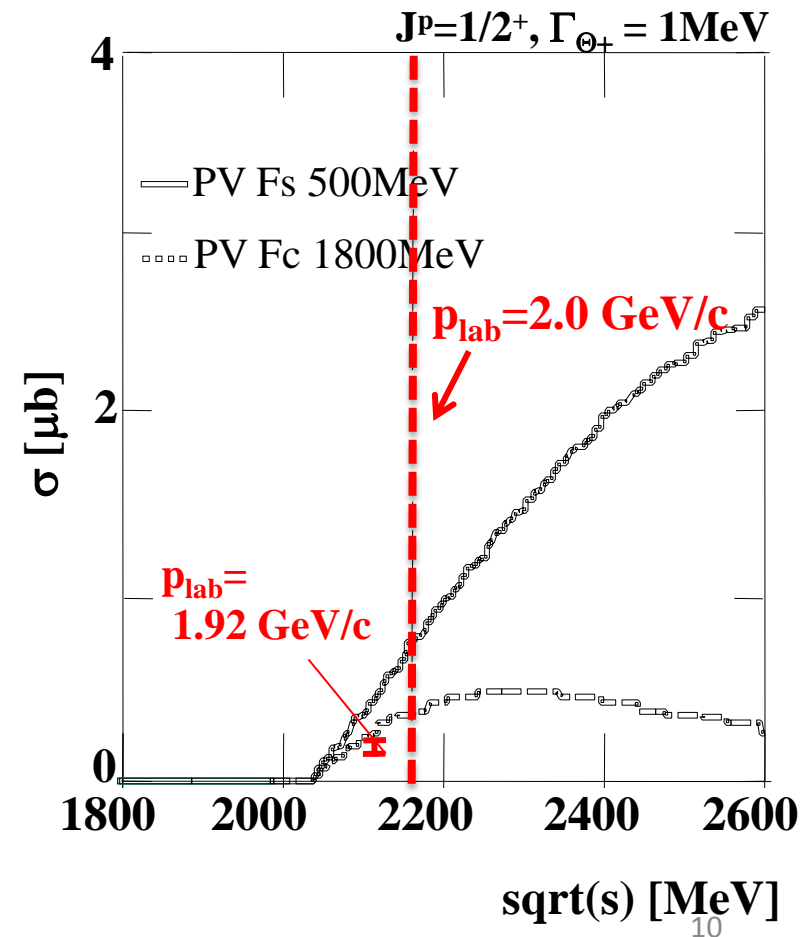
- Higher beam momentum provides higher sensitivity.

➤ **2.0 GeV/c**

(= Max. of K1.8 B.L.)

- ✓ Even if no peak, stronger constraint on the Θ^+ decay width will be obtained.

Theoretical calculations :
T. Hyodo et al., PRC 72, 055202 (2005),
PTP 128, 523 (2012).



Result of the E19-2nd run

SKS spectrometer

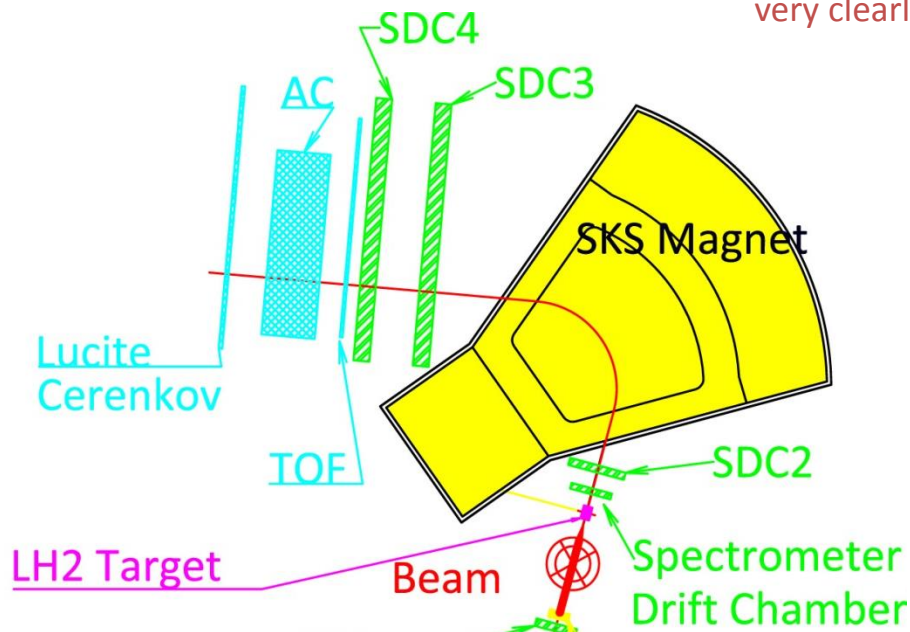
➤ SKS system : p_K

PID counters

- Timing counter
- Aerogel Cherenkov (K/ π) : $n=1.05$
- Lucite Cherenkov (K/p) : $n=1.49$

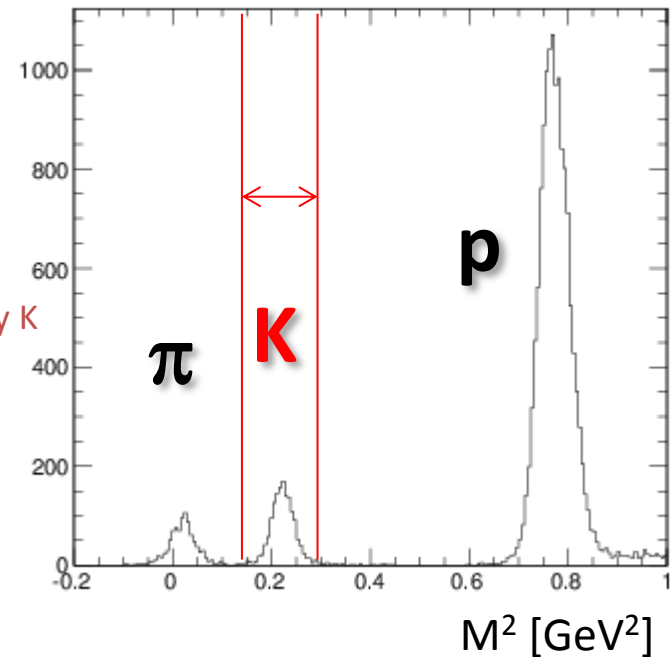
Tracking

- MWDCs : 3 mm pitch
- DCs : 10 mm pitch, 2m \times 1m size



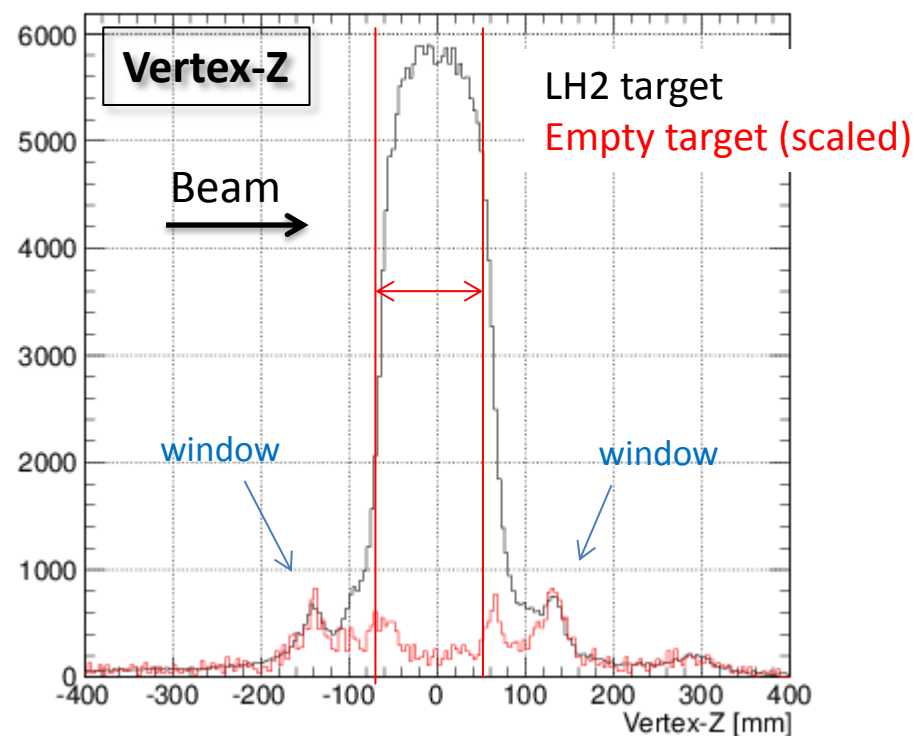
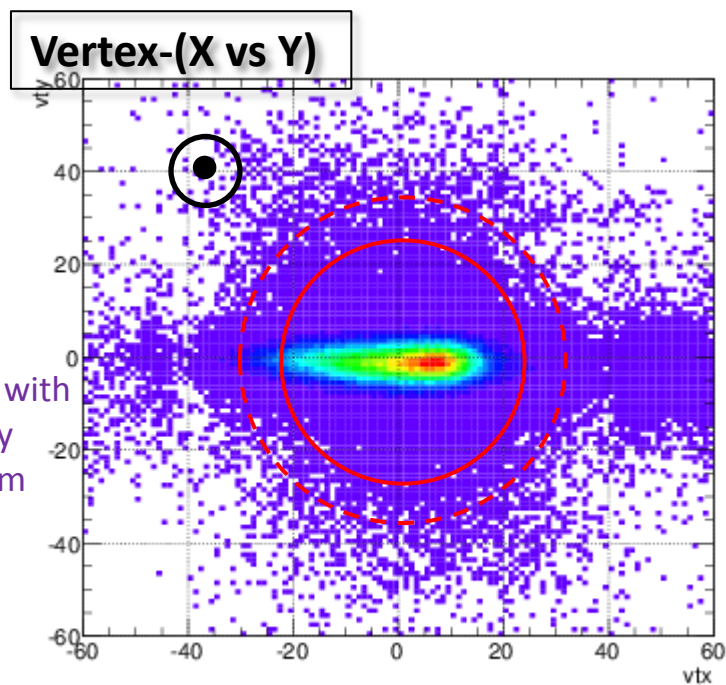
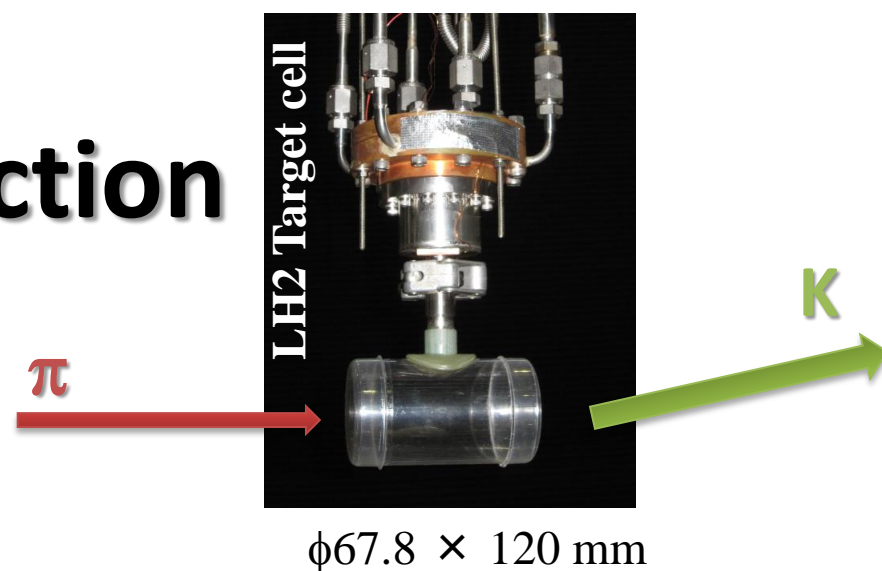
We can
separate only K
very clearly.

Scattered particle M^2



***Good momentum
reconstruction and PID !!***

Vertex Reconstruction



Target cell is clearly identified !!

Consistency check with previous exp.

✓ $\pi^+ + p \rightarrow K^+ + \Sigma^+$ @ 1.37 GeV/c

✓ Missing mass resolution:

$$\Delta M_{\Sigma} = 1.92 \text{ MeV (FWHM)}$$

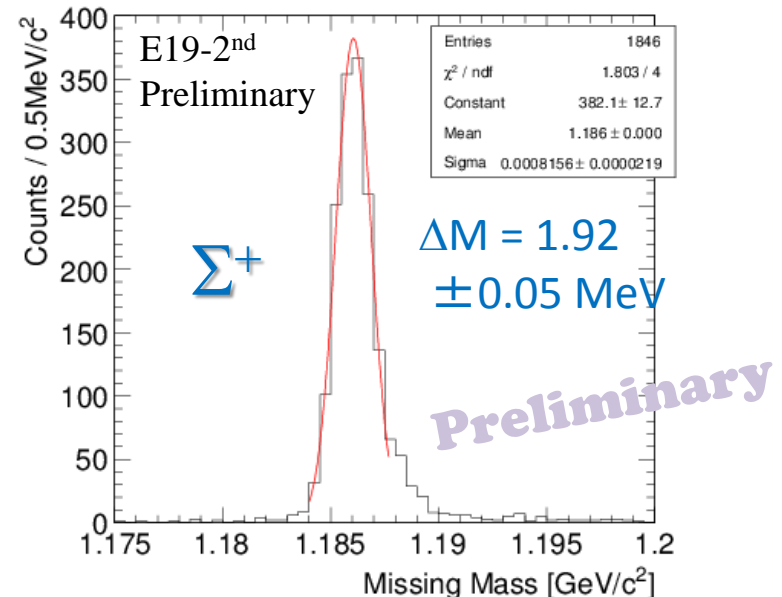
– Equivalent to the 1st run.

Cf.) $1.86 \pm 0.08 \text{ MeV @ E19-1st}$

$$\Delta M_{\Theta} = 1.74 \text{ MeV (FWHM)}$$

Σ^+ Missing Mass

$\pi^+ + p \rightarrow K^+ + \Sigma^+$ @ 1.37 GeV/c



Consistency check with previous exp.

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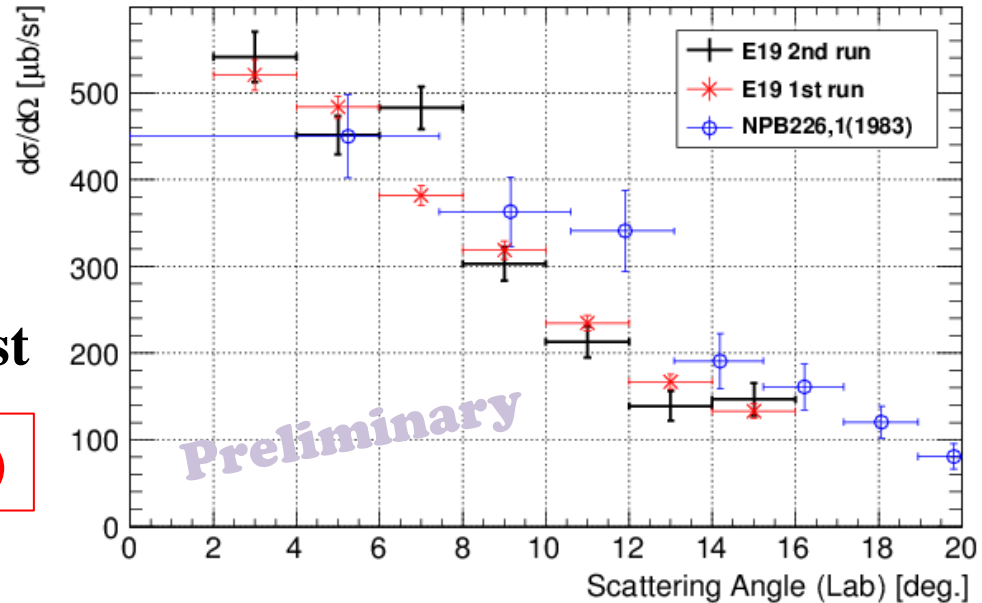
$$\Delta M_{\Theta} = 1.74 \text{ MeV (FWHM)}$$

✓ Differential cross section

- Almost consistent with 1st run and reference data.
- Good understanding of efficiencies and acceptance.

Σ^+ Differential Cross Section

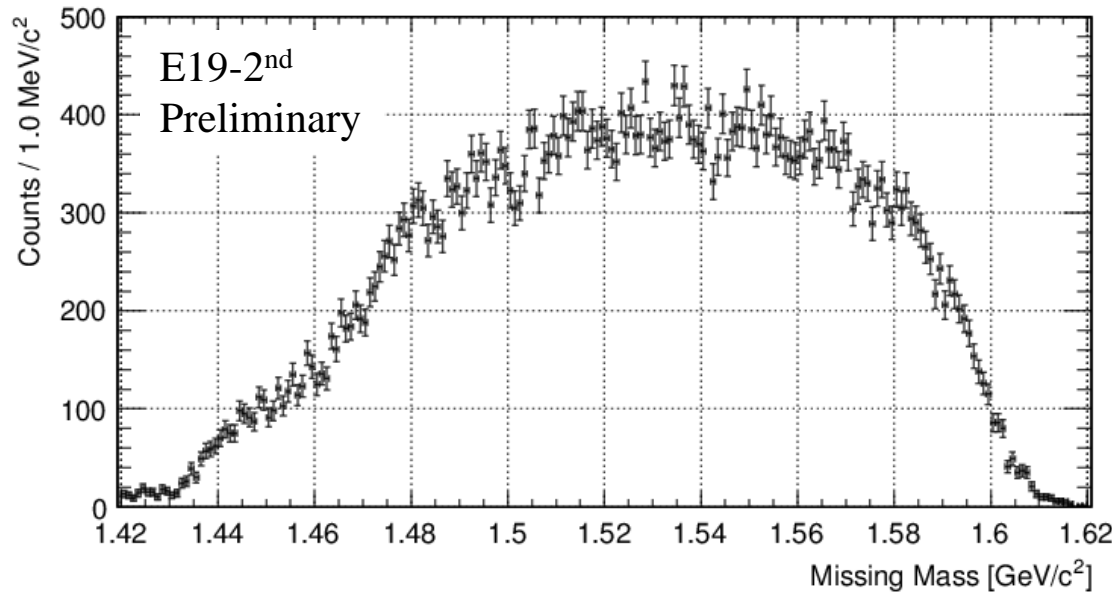
$\pi^+ + p \rightarrow K^+ + \Sigma^+$ @ 1.37 GeV/c



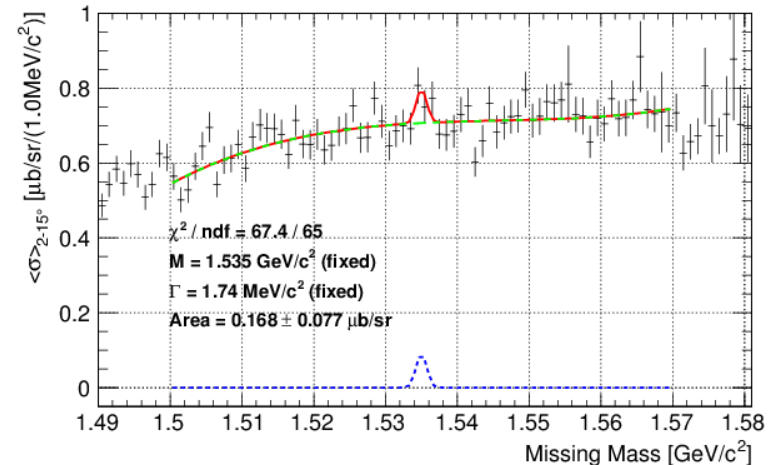
Consistency Check → OK

Analysis Result of E19-2nd run

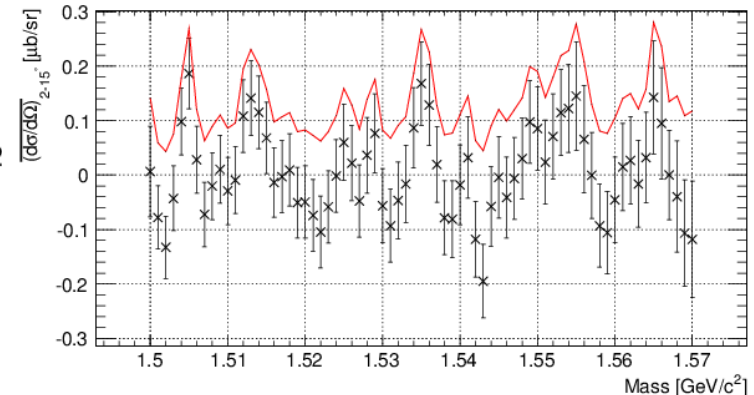
$$\pi^- + p \rightarrow K^- + X \text{ @ } p_\pi = 2.0 \text{ GeV/c}$$



An example of fitting result @ 1.535 GeV/c²



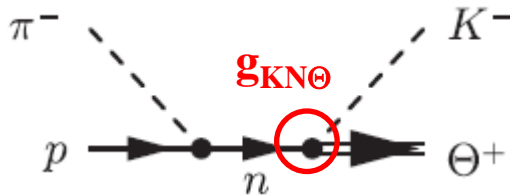
Fitting results of each mass and Upper limit (90%C.L.)



- No peak structure was observed.
- Upper limit on differential cross section averaged from 2 to 15 deg:
 $< 0.28 \text{ μb/sr @ } 1.50 - 1.57 \text{ GeV/c}^2$

Upper limit on decay width

- Considering about theoretical uncertainty (coupling scheme and form factor), we chose the most conservative case as the upper limit.



$$\Gamma_{\Theta} \propto g_{KN\Theta}^2 \propto \sigma$$

Upper Limit on Γ_{Θ} for J^P_{Θ}

- 0.61 MeV for $\frac{1}{2}^+$
- 3.7 MeV for $\frac{1}{2}^-$

(Preliminary)

T. Hyodo et al., PTP 128, 523 (2012).

Summary

- J-PARC E19 is a **pentaquark Θ^+** search experiment with **high statistics** and **high resolution**.
 - $\pi^- p \rightarrow K^- \Theta^+$ reaction
 - J-PARC K1.8 B.S. and SKS
- New result of E19-2nd run was presented.
 - Consistency with the 1st run was checked. \rightarrow **O.K.**
 - Θ^+ missing mass resolution of **1.74 MeV** was evaluated.
 - **No peak structure** was observed in MM spectrum.
 - Upper limit for Θ^+ production cross section was obtained to be **0.28 $\mu\text{b/sr}$ @ 1.50 – 1.57 GeV/c²**
 - This corresponds to upper limit on Θ^+ decay width of **0.61 and 3.7 MeV for $J^P = \frac{1}{2}^+$ and $\frac{1}{2}^-$** , respectively.